

Visit Tulsa This Week—Dressed in Holiday Attire
Free Railroad Fare—Free County Fair

HARLOW BROKERAGE

(Incorporated)

Announce the Inaugural of the Fourth Anniversary Sale On Monday, September 11th, at 8:30 a. m.

The reputation of our Anniversary Sales are state-wide. All Tulsa awaits it; thousands come from the surrounding territory; and all know the newest and most dependable goods of every description can be bought during this occasion at the lowest prices of the year. We have assembled for this great jubilee sale extensive varieties of the most wanted merchandise, including the new fall fashions, which will be sold at savings ranging from 25 to 50 per cent.

A \$10,000 Birthday Present

—is being made to our customers in the form of savings on the very goods they will buy later in the season.

What This Sale Means to You!

The far-reaching importance of this event is far beyond the imagination of the average individual. Twenty-five departments, representing every class and character of general merchandise, have combined for the purpose of holding a bargain carnival of the greatest magnitude. Every department filled with popular priced merchandise from 50 of America's leading mills and factories. Concessions have been received on every hand, and we have sacrificed the greater portion of the usual profits—with the result that the most wanted goods, fashionable outer-apparel of every description, undergarments, things for the home and for personal adornment can be bought, in most every instance, for less than the manufacturer's regular price.

"Why Such Low Prices?" You Ask

We are frank to admit that this is not a money-making sale. The manufacturers who supplied us with the goods took an actual loss, and we sacrifice the profits down to below the cost of doing business. The results to be obtained justify these concessions on the part of the manufacturers and ourselves. They secure our friendship and regular business—and we secure your friendship and constant patronage. This event is in the nature of a celebration of our birthday and in what better way can we celebrate than by giving the public bargains that they will remember for the entire year and await the next birthday event? We shall make no attempt to describe the merchandise involved in this sale as there are more than 150 distinct lots of goods which will be sold at extraordinary savings. We shall print from day to day meager details merely to give you an idea of the character of the bargains awaiting you.

MONDAY WILL BE THE BANNER DAY

We contracted with 50 of the leading mills and factories for the merchandise for this sale almost half a year ago. These goods are worth right now in the mills more than what we are selling them for in our ANNIVERSARY SALE. Our mission is to serve our customers and to make the Harlow Brokerage Tulsa's growing store. And when you do see the goods and note the prices, you will spread the news of the great bargains broadcast and it will have a thousandfold greater effect than any advertisement we may print concerning the wonderful values. Look for the Anniversary Sale Tickets on the merchandise. They will be found in every department, and in every instance you will find the price much lower than the same goods will cost you when the sale is over.

It will pay out-of-town customers to come hundreds of miles to attend this sale. We refund railroad fares according to plans of Union Retailers of Tulsa. Moved next door south of our old location.

HARLOW BROKERAGE

205 South Main

(Incorporated)

205 South Main

ABOLITION, NOT PROHIBITION

CONTINUED FROM PRECEDING PAGE
celved or better adapted for making this a nation of drunkards again—and that in short order after the scheme gets well going.

Wilson Admits It.
But don't take my word for it. Hear what Dr. Clarence True Wilson, the official mouthpiece of the Methodist church on this subject, has to say on this point. I quote from his "Dry or Die," at page 55, thus:

"Prohibition deals with the traffic in liquor. It says that one shall not sell, or make for sale, not that one shall not make it for himself and use it himself. Under prohibition law, anyone has the right to set up a little kitchen distillery and make his own whiskey as he bakes his own bread. The personal right is undisputed. The right to traffic alone is interfered with."

I wonder how many who vote for prohibition understand this? I wonder how many who vote against prohibition understand it?

This is really only going back to conditions as they were in this country during the last half of the eighteenth century, when American farmers made their own cider and apple sack and lent their own stills around to one another. It is only going back to conditions as they were a hundred years ago in northern Europe, when "domestic stills" were the fashion throughout Russia, Finland and all the Scandinavian countries. In 1809 this method of distilling was introduced into Sweden, and distilleries so multiplied that in 1834 their number was estimated at 170,000 in a population of three millions. In some places every third or fourth house was a little distillery.

Domestic Distilling

Think about this. Domestic distilling has not already been introduced in prohibition states because people who drink do not now have to go to that trouble; they can now procure all the strong drinks they want from neighboring states. But under national prohibition, unless one makes his own drink, he can only otherwise get it by importation at great expense from foreign countries. I predict that should national prohibition come into force, thousands of expert distillers, brewers and wine makers, being thrown out of employment, will at once naturally turn their attention to the business of domestic liquor making. Potent whiskey, home-brewed beer and home-made wines will be the fashion again. Imagine what a fruitful field will be opened to these experts. Doctor Wilson says "anyone will have the right to make his own whiskey just as he makes his own bread." He hires a cook to make his bread, so, of course, he will hire a cook—that is a distiller—to make his whiskey. I fancy many expert distill-

ers will have a distilling apparatus of their own and hire themselves out with it—going about from one home to another—just as we hire a caterer to do our extra baking, etc. Those who do not drink spirits—needing no special apparatus—many of them will just add the making of wine, beer or cider to their other kitchen work, as millions now do and always have done in other countries.

But I can say no more on this side of the question, for with what I must say on the other side I shall make this tract longer than I intended it to be. However, I must add just this:

The Saloon

The great claim of the prohibitionist is that prohibition will rid us of the saloon, and a good riddance that will be in any event, say I. The saloon did good work when the Germans introduced it in the early fifties for the sale of their lager beer in opposition to the whiskey and rum "barroom." But the day of its usefulness in that respect is long since gone, and it has changed its character and made for itself a bad name that all decent people shudder to think of. It is in all probability before long, anyway, licenses "to drink on the premises" will only be granted to those who serve drink in the same place and under the same conditions as they serve food.

Temperance reformers frequently refer to "The Drink Problem." But a diligent search through a number of their standard works fails to disclose any clear statement showing what they really mean when they use the term. The Reverend Doctor Dorchester's excellent work, "The Liquor Problem in All Ages," makes no attempt to define what the problem is. The truth is, there is no common agreement among the self-styled reformers as to what they are really trying to do, what they hope to accomplish in the end. They are going to reform the drinking customs of the country, but in what condition they expect to leave it? Most of their leaders vociferate: "beat the air" and talk about "driving alcohol from off the face of the earth," or "annihilating the rum curse," or "making the country dry," or doing some other equally impracticable and often impossible thing, which they themselves really make no effort to accomplish. The truth is, their mouthpieces are only indulged in for effect—either for the purpose of drawing money out of the pockets of good church people, or to induce credulous citizens to go to the polls and vote for prohibition.

The Problem

But we endeavor to be definite and specific—to state our case clearly, tersely. With us, then, the drink problem is this: "How best—how with the least expenditure of effort, time and money we can get rid of drunkenness, intemperance, inebriety

and intoxication; or by whatever other name may best be expressed that peculiar form of alcoholism which results from the use of spirituous liquors, fortified wines, and all other synthetic drinks of which distilled spirits is the base; and at the same time to reduce the consumption of natural fermented beverages to a minimum by all legitimate means; knowing that in the very nature of things the annihilation of these latter is impossible." That is the drink problem as we regard it.

As already shown, it was that peculiar form of drunkenness which results from the use of distilled spirits in some form which necessitated the temperance reform. Bedrium tremens never resulted from the use of any natural fermented beverages alone; that is invariably the work of spirituous liquor of some sort. How to get rid of it was the problem which the original reformers undertook to solve. The trouble arose, and has been continued, by the whole hog-or-none people generally, who persisted in falling who persist in their assertion that it is not only just as harmful, but "more harmful," to drink mild beer and light wine than it is to drink the strongest distilled spirits. The idea is nonsensical on the very face of it, but the majority went with them, driving out the more moderate men. Nevertheless they kept at it, trying first one scheme and then another—"everything by turns and nothing long," but accomplishing substantially nothing. They have been like the historic monkey, who, finding a narrow-necked jar containing nuts, determined to have some of them, and, inserting his paw, he filled it full with the nuts, but found on trial that he could not withdraw his paw without first dropping every nut. However, like our friends, the teetotalers, he persisted, and tried again and again, with, of course, the same result, because he persisted in falling into the same trap.

And now the opportunity comes around to them again. Once more we old-time temperance men say, "come with us and let us make a common cause. And then, with a long pull and a strong pull, and a pull together, we are sure to win."

Our Plan

Our plan, which has never been tried and never before broached in this country, but has been eminently successful elsewhere, is simply this: Take the business of distilling away from each and every one of the states and make it a monopoly of the federal government, or the congress, just as is now the casing of money. Give

the federal government the sole right—to manufacture, import and traffic in all alcoholic products of distillation of every sort. This congress to pass such laws as may be necessary not only to enforce such an arrangement, but also to prevent potable alcoholic spirit from finding its way into the hands of any of the people at large to be used for beverage purposes in any shape.

Altogether independent of its beverage use, we must have alcohol for mechanical, chemical, medical and other uses. Immense quantities of denatured alcohol are now being used for a multitude of purposes in the arts, and much is being used to generate power, and should gasoline fail, as many predict, immense quantities will be required for automobiles, motor boats, aeroplanes, etc., and if only one state runs a distillery free from any federal control of its product, that state may supply all the other with strong drink. But the United States treasury can control distilleries, and the whole distilling business just as easily as it now controls the mint, and may seize distilling apparatus anywhere of any sort, big or little. Just as it now seizes counterfeiters' tools, and punishes the counterfeit money-maker, and just as severely.

Abolish Liquors

It is said that "prohibition does not prohibit," meaning, of course, that prohibition does not accomplish its purpose—whatever that may be regarded as being. But ours is a move a long way in advance of prohibition. This is abolition, and abolition that abolishes. It not only abolishes in one place, but it abolishes everywhere throughout the country. What it does it does thoroughly and for keeps. This is the only temperance reform that really and actually settles the question. It kills the drink evil, but it does not "rob the poor working man of his beer"—if he wants it—nor the foreigner of his wine—if he wants it; nor the American farmer of his whiskey, if he wants it. But it does actually abolish—brandy, rum, gin, whiskey, arrack and absinthe; all liquors, cordials, bitters, cocktails, highballs and mixed drinks of every sort that are based on distilled spirits; also all fortified and fabricated wines which covers all wines containing more than 10 per cent of alcohol, and includes nearly all the wines now on the market in this country—most of which are palpably fraudulent.

Before closing, I may mention incidentally, that one advantage of this last and most fully matured plan of temperance reform is that the treasury department will benefit by all the profits on all the business in alcohol that shall be done everywhere and anywhere throughout the country. And as the government will fix the price, the proceeds cannot fail to go a long way towards making up the deficit occasioned by the withdrawal of the present internal revenue tax on

distilled spirits and, moreover, it does not interfere with a continuation of that tax on wine and beer—not to mention cider.

Now, finally, my dear good prohibition brothers, let's "bury the hatchet" and, instead of your ill-conceived amendment to prohibit the manufacture, importation and traffic in alcoholic drinks, for sale—which leaves every Tom, Dick and Harry free to make any kind of drink he wants for his own use, let's abolish at once all that is abominable. Let's put the whole business into the hands of Uncle Samuel and so kill the queen bee of the devil's drink hive outright. But do not expect perfection. Remember, in this world "there is no rose without a thorn," and still will never be wholly eradicated—until it comes. Don't be like the monkey. Take things as God gives them to you. We only go on to perfection.

SMALLPOX PLAGUE GRIPPING ATHENS

Vaccination and Iron Images of Christ Powers to Stop Disease.

(Correspondence Associated Press)

ATHENS, Greece, July 25.—The epidemic of infantile paralysis in New York is rivaled by an epidemic of smallpox in Athens that is taking a heavy toll of both children and adults in the city proper and in Piræus, the port of Athens. Incidentally, Greek ships arriving from Alexandria report the spread of the bubonic plague in Egypt, and cholera has broken out in the island of Castelloriz, due to the arrival of refugees from Asia Minor. A quarantine has been established between the island and the ports of Greece.

The epidemic of smallpox in Athens has resulted in compulsory vaccination or revaccination, but it is difficult to carry out the orders as the supply of vaccine is limited and the movement of the demobilized troops into the interior makes it difficult to combat the spread of the disease. The remarkable feature of the epidemic is the reluctance that is being placed upon the efficacy of one of the sacred icons or images of Christ. The icon of St. Barbara of Nicomedia, in Asia Minor, has been brought with every pomp and circumstance from the ancient church of the convent of Daphni, near Athens, and set up in the church of Chrysosplittissa, in the quarter where the smallpox is taking its heaviest toll.

Prepared

Rector (going his rounds)—Fine pig that, Mr. Dibbles; uncommonly fine.
Contentmentful Villager—Ah, yes, sir; if we was only all of us as fit to die as him, sir.—Tit-Bits.

PELLAGRA

This new disease is spreading over the South with a 25 per cent yearly increase, leaving horror and death in its wake.

You will want to read the story of how nine years ago I discovered the cause of this disease, and how thousands of pellagra sufferers have been restored to good health by a simple home treatment. Take your chance with harmful drugs or suffer work deteriorating. You are entitled to know the truth. The whole story is given in this wonderful

BIG 50-PAGE BOOK FREE!

Mailed in Plain Sealed Wrapper FREE to all who write for a copy. This new, instructive and interesting book gives you my proven theory as to what causes pellagra and how it may be cured right in your own home under a guarantee of absolute satisfaction or no charge for treatment. It also contains many photographs and letters from State and County officials, Bankers, Ministers, Doctors, Lawyers, and others, who tell wonderful stories of their experience with this successful pellagra treatment.

HAVE YOU THESE SYMPTOMS?

Tired and Drowsy feelings accompanied by headaches, depression or state of indolence; roughness of skin; breaking out or eruptions; hands red like saucers; sore mouth; tongue, lips and throat flaming red; much nausea and choking; indigestion and nausea; diarrhea or constipation; numbness, and many others. Don't take chances.

Write for Your Copy of This Book To-day. Remember it is mailed to you Free in Plain Sealed Wrapper.

W. J. McCRARY, M. D.

Dept. 356 Carbon Hill, Alabama.

Use Coconut Oil For Washing Hair

If you want to keep your hair in good condition, be careful what you wash it with.

Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle, and is very harmful. Just plain unsifted coconut oil (which is pure and entirely greaseless), is much better than the most expensive soap or anything else you can use for shampooing, as this can't possibly injure the hair.

Simply moisten your hair with water and rub it in. One or two teaspoonfuls will make an abundance of rich, creamy lather, and cleanses the hair and scalp thoroughly. The lather rises out easily, and removes every particle of dust, dirt, dandruff and excessive oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and it leaves it fine and silky, bright, fluffy and easy to manage.

You can get malodorous coconut oil at most any drug store. It is very cheap, and a few ounces is enough to last everyone in the family for months.—Adv.

Take Hair Out Not Off the Skin

It is useless to remove hair from the surface of the skin. This result is all that can be accomplished with pasteurized preparations and imitations of the Miracle. To rob hair of its vitality, you must attack it under the skin as well as on the skin. The original liquid depilatory, does this by absorption. It alone contains certain ingredients which give it the power to vitalize hair. Well-groomed women always use the Miracle for removing hair from limbs and under arms. Buy the Miracle by name and you will get the only depilatory that has ever been endorsed by reputable physicians, dermatologists, medical journals and prominent magazines. In 50c, \$1.00 and \$2.00 bottles at your dealer's or direct, Stoughton, in plain wrapper. De Miracle Chemical Co., Dept. A-1, Park Ave., and 129th St., New York.

BLUE BOOK

"A sure remedy for the most humiliating and distressing affliction." Genuine magazine of the highest character endorsed only by the Miracle. Beware of so-called endorsements of bogus magazines which are used to exploit the sale of questionable depilatories.

An Unfailing Way To Banish Hairs

(Beauty Notes)

Unly hairy growths can be removed in the privacy of your own home if you get a small original package of Delatone and mix it into a paste enough of the powder and water to cover the hairy surface. This should be left on the skin about two minutes, then removed and the skin washed and every trace of hair will have vanished. No harm or inconvenience can result from this treatment, but be sure you buy real Delatone.—Adv.

MAYR'S WONDERFUL REMEDY

For STOMACH trouble ONE DOSE WILL CONVINCE

Gail Stones, Cancer and Ulcers of the Stomach and Intestines, Auto-intoxication, Yellow Jaundice, Appendicitis and other fatal ailments result from Stomach Sufferers owe their complete recovery to Mayr's Wonderful Remedy. Like any other for Stomach Ailments. For more details, drug store and druggists everywhere.—Adv.